The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 24. CHICAGO, MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1871. NO. 152.

FOREIGN.

Heavy Losses Sustained by the French in the Late Paris Sorties.

Accounts of Recent Fighting in the North.

Large Amount of Munitions Captured by the Germans at Mont Avron.

The Army of the Loire Again Assumes the Offensive.

Death of General Prim.

Victor Emanuel Makes a Triumphal Entry Into Rome.

FRANCE.

HEAVY FRENCH LOSSES IN THE RECENT SORTIES FROM PARIS.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The losses which were sustained by General Ducrot's army during the late sorties on the German forces from this city have been so heavy and serious as to render indispensably necessary to reconstitute the army of defense. With this object General Ducrot's division has been broken up; General DUMARTIN'S command has been transferred to and amalgamated with the Third Army, under General Vinoy, both Generals Blanchard and Vinoy holding superior commands.

Out of forty-seven Sisters of Charity attending the small-pox hospital, eleven have died.

LOSSES OF THE SORTIES.

The losses of the belonging forces in the bombardment of Fort Avron, on the 26th in reported to have been 5,000.

MUNITIONS CAPTURED AT FORT AVRON.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 25.—Great quantities of munitions of war were found in Fort Avron.

Two companies of 94 MEN HAVE SURRENDERED flat at the village of Bondy.

A "BELLY INTENTION."

BORDEAUX, Jan. 1.—It is officially announced that the fort on Mount Avron was not casemated. As the men had no protection, General Trochu ordered them to remove the guns and evacuate the work. The fort was not injured by the bombardment during the attack, and the overlooking Paris, is pronounced a silly invention.

DEMONSTRATION AT MONTMARTRE.

Great excitement prevails in Paris in consequence in favor of the government here to-day. For the first time in Montmartre, Mr. PYAT, Trimoire office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED lady's maid. Address A 27, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL as chamber-maid, or to assist in sewing. Call at No. 6 North Clark-st., Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE German girl, as chambermaid or seamstress. Call at No. 6 North Clark-st., Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SEAMSTRESS IN a home where she can learn dressmaking. Address A 8 G, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF 8 years' experience in the grocery business, can furnish the best of references. Address A 29, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO has been employed in a wholesale grocery house, and can give first-class references. Address A 30, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HAVE BEEN IN THE grocery business for 8 years, and can furnish the best of references. Address A 31, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young man, as porter in a wholesale grocery house. Address A 32, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY PORTERS AND A number of first-class salesmen. Call at 40 North Clark-st., Room 5.

Boarding-house, Clerks, &c.

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...NEWS BEFORE PARIS.

Defeat of the Army of the Loire at Orleans.

Inefficiency of the French Military.

Program of the Siege and French Sentiment.

Fighting Quality of the Bavarians

Requisitions Upon the French.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

VERSAILLES, Dec. 7.

Later developments have put the defeat of the Army of the Loire, at Orleans, in a still worse light than the first telegraphic dispatches had conveyed to us. It appears that several German officers who had been present at all the battles, beginning at Beaune la Rolande, up to the one fought in the suburbs of Jan la Ruelle, and all accord in expressing their contempt for French Generalship displayed during the whole southern campaign. They say, that if Prince Frederick Charles had himself marked out the various French movements, he could not have succeeded any better in effecting the desired result. That is: The rout of Orleans and the cornering of the army, by which the latter lost 10,000 prisoners, over 70 cannons, and four gunboats. They, the German officers, speak also of having seen the proclamation of Gambetta, in which he denounces Paladine for mismanagement. If this is true, then, indeed, all hope for further resistance, are at a low ebb, for if Paladine has failed to beat some the savior of the last cause, what other can in France, outside of Paris, is to be the savior of it? It is to be hoped, however, that Gambetta, the patriot, has pursued his feelings to get the better of his judgment, for it is a sad thing, even for a non-Frenchman to believe, that France is incapable of producing one single great General that could cope on equal terms, but with any of the Germans.

[To the Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The President said yesterday that he did not think there was any doubt that the new Democratic Governor of Pennsylvania would pass the House. He has conversed with a number of members of the House, and is very confident of success. The friends of the Governor-elect claim that he will have a majority in the House, who will vote for the resolution, and that the Senate will be found to be equally in the House, who will vote for the resolution, and that the Senate will be found to be equally favorable. Governor Geary, however, is not sanguine of success. He says that if he is not allowed to take his seat he will not be responsible for the consequences. He is very much excited over the matter, and declares that he will not submit to such an arrangement. The trouble is that the Democrats have only two majority in the Senate, which will have to be settled by the organization of the body.

WASHINGTON.

[Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.]

JOHN H. BURNAMP.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—It seems there was good reason for refusing to allow Surratt to be taken before last night, as it was the evident determination of members of both the Democratic and Republican parties to create disturbance. It appears that after he reached Erie, Surratt intended to make a Southern trip, but his late troubles have dissuaded him from it, and his friends have advised him that such a course would expose him to unnecessary danger, which perhaps he would not have yet failed to heed. In connection with Surratt, it may be of well to state that the assertion in the World, published in Washington, that Surratt was promised by the Judge Advocate that if he gave bail he would not be returned, was positively denied in sympathy. There was no sympathy of any of the counsel employed by the government in the case.

PAYMASTER-GENERAL DUNCAN will, it is said, resign his office next week, as will Gen. Wm. Boyd. Boyd will make the opening address, which will be responded to by Hon. N. B. Judd.

THE RAILWAY CONGRESS.

The pall-bearers at the funeral of Mrs. Secretary Belknap, to-morrow afternoon, will be Secretary Fish, Postmaster-General Cresswell, Judge S. F. Miller, of the Supreme Court; General Hartsuff, C. C. Magill, Esq., of New York; General Meredith, Secretary Robeson, General Sherman, General Wm. Roberts, S. Huntington, Esq., Commodore Bishop, and General E. W. Rice, of Iowa.

THE FRENCH FAIR.

It is held here next week, promises to be a great success. Contributions from leading Northern citizens have flowed in liberally, while those to denounce Paladine for mismanagement. If this is true, then, indeed, all hope for further resistance, are at a low ebb, for if Paladine has failed to beat some the savior of the last cause, what other can in France, outside of Paris, is to be the savior of it? It is to be hoped, however, that Gambetta, the patriot, has pursued his feelings to get the better of his judgment, for it is a sad thing, even for a non-Frenchman to believe, that France is incapable of producing one single great General that could cope on equal terms, but with any of the Germans.

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ITALY.

Arrival of the Deputation of the Spanish Cortes.

Acceptance of the Spanish Crown By Prince Amadeus.

Opening of Parliament and the King's Speech.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

FLORENCE, Dec. 7.

The Spanish deputation sent by the Congenital Cortes to present to His Majesty the King and H. R. H. Prince Amadeus, the result of the election to the throne, left the coast of Spain last Saturday at 1 o'clock. The steeds though wishing to stop a year on its way to the hotel, and the King and Queen, who were received with flowers, Italian and Spanish flags and shouts of welcome and applause. The day was also but cold, but the streets were, notwithstanding, crowded with people. They were received by the Mayor, General Cadorna, commander of the military division of Florence, and other authorities, besides two of the King's Masters of Ceremonies. The band, posted in different places, received them with the Spanish hymn as they came out of the railway station to enter the hotel the band played the "Marcia Reale" (the March of Victor Emanuel), which is always performed on all such occasions. The President of the Deputation, Senor Olozaga, presenting himself on the balcony, saluted the people with the cry of "Viva l'Italia! Viva il re d'Italia!" Viva il re d'Spagna!" which was received with shouts of enthusiasm.

At the counter, bankers' rates of exchange were 1-10 premium selling, and 1-10 discount buying.

The Manager of the Clearing House furnishes the following summary of the business of his office for the week ending December 31, 1870:

Days.	Clearings.	Balances.
Dec. 26	$ 9,321,236.06	$ 318,751.60
Dec. 27	7,966,366.27	344,106.34
Dec. 28	8,284,569.10	342,198.84
Dec. 29	8,324,569.10	342,198.84
Dec. 30	8,324,569.10	342,198.84
Dec. 31	8,324,569.10	342,198.84
Total	$53,941,959.93	$1,944,760.00
Last week	45,946,814.54	1,579,646.00
Increasing week	10,911,540.79	1,365,113.97
Decreasing week	2,916,395.40	1,000,000.00

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has prepared a comparative statement, showing the receipts from sources of revenue taxable under existing law, for the first five months of the present fiscal year, ending June 30, 1871, also the receipts for the corresponding months of the previous fiscal year, ending June 30, 1870, and the increase or decrease from each source:

Sources.	1870.	1871.
From spirits	$15,617,022	$13,231,000
From fermented liquors	11,324,000	12,000,000
From tobacco	13,000,000	13,000,000
From manufactures	13,173,000	13,000,000
From banks and bankers	2,000,000	2,000,000
From income taxes	3,000,000	3,000,000
From gas	1,000,000	1,000,000
From salaries	1,000,000	1,000,000
From legacies	1,000,000	1,000,000
From stamps	11,000,000	11,000,000
From all other sources	3,000,000	3,000,000
Total	$79,000,000	$76,000,000

The increase from the corresponding months from July to October, 1869, were $60,443,726

Showing an aggregate increase this year of ..... $ 1,556,273

The decrease this year was—

Spirits	$ 11,171,022
Tobacco	1,000,000
Fermented liquors	675,000
Banks and bankers	1,000,000
Manufactures	173,000
Gas	1,000,000
All other sources	67,613
Total	$ 5,086,635

The decrease per week was ..... $ 1,017,327

On incomes	$ 1,000,000
On legacies	67,327
On stamps	950,000
Total	$ 1,986,170

The decrease on incomes is only apparent; the annual list was collected earlier in 1870 than in 1869.

Death of Mrs. Belknap.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.

Mrs. Belknap, wife of the Secretary of War, died here this evening after several months' illness.

Mrs. Belknap was a Southern lady, daughter of Dr. Tomlinson, who represented one of the most distinguished and respected families of Harrodsburg, Ky. She was a most estimable lady, and her death is deeply deplored by all who knew her. After the death of her first husband, she went to reside in Keokuk, Iowa. Her brother was an officer in the Confederate army, on the staff of General Bragg, and during the war was captured near Meridian, Miss. Every possible effort to secure his release from captivity, that she was in contact with General Belknap, who was a widower, and the acquaintance which was thus formed between them, resulted in their marriage. Subsequently, Mrs. Belknap spent several seasons on the Rhine, and was universally admired in Europe. She went during her sojourn in Europe. Her family has been greatly afflicted by consumption, and after the birth of her first child, Mrs. Belknap's health has been gradually on the decline.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 31.

The coincident closing of the week with that of the month and the year has given more than the usual Saturday activity to business. Settlements were large in nearly all departments of business. The banks had paper maturing on next Monday—which will be observed as a holiday—were providing for it to-day. Some considerable preparation on the part of grain dealers to provide money for grain bought on the option "seller January" is also noticeable. At the same time the banks were expecting that this would be the day on which the Comptroller of the Currency for a statement of their condition, from which the evening the telegraph announced Wednesday. But the fact that the time is intended to fix all fall particularly solicitous to make their condition this evening, and, consequently, to make considerable accessible capital in reserve, and running to get checks certified, has created the great activity in the line, which could not be expected that money would be any but the customers who were entitled to accommodation as a temporary favor, and there was no particular complaint of stringency. The supply of money seems again to be easy this morning of 1871, much money, which has been held in large lines during the year, will naturally expect to find itself in active circulation than where population is concentrated, and the banks will feel more disposition to be accommodating. During next week, the usual dividend disbursements in all parts of the country will begin to affect the principal centers and make money more plentiful.

The scarcity of currency to-day obliged some banks to sell exchange pretty freely, and caused a decline in the price to 35c per $1,000 to-day. The scarcity of currency, however, is probably only temporary, and exchange will be higher again next week. The movements of currency to-day were quite large, both in the receipts, also, were large, and, in the aggregate, there was a fair business.

The following are the prices current:

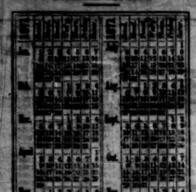
Bank buying	1@1¼ prem.
Bank selling	1½@2 prem.
Currency buying	par
Currency selling	¼@½ prem.
Gold buying	110
Gold selling	110½
Sterling buying	108½
Sterling selling	109
Paris buying	5.20
Paris selling	5.17½
Berlin buying	72
Berlin selling	72½

The following are the receipts and shipments of coin at this port for the week and for the past year:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Monday	$ 1,000	$ 1,000
Tuesday	1,000	1,000
Wednesday	1,000	1,000
Thursday	1,724	3,168
Friday	5,000	5,000
Saturday	1,000	1,000
Total	10,724	13,168
Previous week	9,000	14,574
Week before last	10,000	4,000
Week ending Dec. 16	14,562	15,448

The total receipts for the week have been $9,054, against $10,000 for the previous week, and $10,000 for the corresponding week last year, showing a decrease of $946 from the former, and a decrease of $946 from the latter. The packing to-date reaches 54,000 hogs. Under the light receipts of the week, prices have ruled firm, with a decrease of 5c per 100 lbs. on the week. The market has been active, and the supply was altogether inadequate to the demand. Sales were made at $6.50@6.60 for common to fair, $6.60@6.70 for good to choice, and $6.70@6.80 for extra. The market closed firm, with a light demand at $6.70@6.80 for extra, and $6.50@6.70 for good to choice.

Cattle—Receipts, 11,000; nearly all sold on contract; no demand; fair average sold at $5.50@6.00; Texans, $3.50@4.00; Illinois, $5.00@5.50; Western, $5.00@5.50; Texans in good condition, $4.00@4.50



HYDE PARK.

Reduction of Police Force—Town Plats Approved—A Defective Sidewalk.

A meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Town of Hyde Park was held at the Town Hall, on Saturday afternoon. Present, President Cady, and Trustees Church, Davis, Farrington, Wainwright and Supervisor Wells. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Doyle reported in favor of retaining all the officers in service, as they have not been charged with neglect or disobedience, and it was for the general good.

Mr. Clark moved that the services of all the policemen be retained, except the following: Lawrence Ryan at Oak Woods; J. M. Wright at Ragiswood; Matthew McIntosh, at Hyde Park crossing; John Pendergast; Patrick Carroll; and Joseph Hoppener, at Calumet Junction. Carried.

Town plats were read.

The following new subdivisions were approved: Hemsley's subdivision of lots 1 and 2 in the east eighty acres of the northwest fractional quarter of Section 19, T. 37, N. R. 14 E. of third principal meridian, lying south of the Indian boundary line; also Forrest's subdivision of 5 acres of the south 10 acres of Lot 1, in Cady's subdivision of the part west of the Illinois Central Railroad in the Northeast fractional quarter of Section 5, T. 36, N. R. 14 E. of third principal meridian.

STATE STREET SIDEWALKS.

Mr. Clark reported the condition of several of the sidewalks below built on State street, and moved to run make of poor lumber, in a very economical manner, and recommended a description of lumber from the contract price, and that the sidewalk be paid for. Carried.

BILLS AUDITED AND PAID.

The following bills were presented and passed: Frank J Cowee, $60; Wade, Sims & Co., 121 90; Joseph Lyford, inspector, $125.50; Chronicle, $60; Western Union, $10; Rankin, $20; John Fox, $60; P. Corcoran, $15; Pay Anderson down sheet, $53.75; for Jefferson street ground, $41; for Sheridan road, $50; for Lincoln street ground, $50; for Ellis street ground, $50.

Adjourned to meet on Saturday, January 7, 1871.

THE LAW COURTS.

Superior Court.

Land Sale Decree.

Susanna Maguire, administratrix, v. Catherine Dorgan. Decree passed confirming sale of Lots 3 and 16, in Galvin, Hildebrandt & Co.'s subdivision of Block 15, School Section Addition. The sale was to Patrick Egan for the price of $2,050.

REAL ESTATE—PARTITION ASKED.

Alfred L. Lloyd et al. v. Samuel Shurtleff et al. Bill for partition of Lots 1 and 4, of Block 27, Canal Trustees' Subdivision of the west fractional quarter of Section 21, 39, 14, and 1.56; Block 46, Canal Trustees' Subdivision of the same fraction of same section; Block 5, Elston, Noble et al.'s subdivision; also, Sub-lot 6, Block 2, Canal Trustees' Subdivision of the same fractions. Sale of Section 20, 39, 14; and Lot 1, Sec. 18, same subdivision.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE.

Isaac Pearce v. Nicholas Schmitz et als. Bill for specific performance of an alleged contract to sell Block 13 of Avery's Addition, on the northwest quarter of Section 14, 39, 14.

Editor Lincoln v. Thomas Andrews. Assumpsit. Ad damnum, $4,000.

A TITLED LITIGANT.

William Trail, of Lancaster, England, Duke of Kenmore. This is a proceeding by Misconomi against the defendant, to show cause why he refuses to recover it, or alleged to be due for legal services in prosecuting the claim of the defendant for the recovery of several hundred thousand dollars.

Circuit Court.

NEW SUITS.

Georgia A. Ogle and Christian G., her husband, v. Walter Treaves. Case. Damages laid at $5,000.

Richard Edwards v. Interior Printing Company. Assumpsit. Damages, $2,000.

ATTORNEY WANTED.

John W. Mahan v. Margaret Mahan, late Brockway Davis. Bill for divorce on the grounds of cruelty. Marriage at Monmouth, Illinois, during 1869.

Criminal Court.

DAVIDS CONSPIRACY—CONCLUSION.

James Cunningham, an inmate of the Chicago Reform School, and one of the conspirators to procure his release. The prisoner was convicted of crime some time since, and was sentenced to be confined in the Reform School, under the law, no definite time being fixed for his term of confinement. The Court ordered his discharge, under the recent decision of the Supreme Court.

MILLIKEN AND NEW YEAR'S.

New Year's Day was observed very pleasantly by the artists of the Milliken concert troupe in a social reunion and the presentation of souvenirs of the day to each other. Brignoli, in his new capacity of financier, was the recipient of a handsome ring and seals, exquisitely designed, and set in diamonds, following the custom of the troupe that there is a charm in a dead's head to preserve from danger and bring good fortune. The ring was the gift of Miss Milliken. The head was selected by the great lyrical vocalist—sentiment and special care in the execution of the work. It was then carefully prepared, closed at the neck with black velvet, and placed in a box of the same, and made for it a heavy frosted collar in solid silver, with a boat, the initials of the owner, Brignoli, and "Christmas, Nilsson, Paris, Jan. 1, 1871." The ring was done in the highest style of the art, meeting the full approval of the delighted recipient. Her Majesty of Address will not be in the way this Brignoli's harmless fancy may be, by the by, it is a piece of Hon. Hugh McCulloch, has been published in pamphlet form, and, adapted to the use of the general reader, will be found very interesting. The table shows the height of the barometer and thermometer at the hours of 7 o'clock a. m., and 4 p. m., and 11 p. m. each day, during the month of December, 1870.

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Place.	Dec. 4			11			Dec. 5			11			Both.
	a.m.	p.m.		p.m.	a.m.	p.m.		p.m.	a.m.	p.m.			
Cheyenne	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Omaha	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Chicago	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Milwaukee	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
St. Paul	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Duluth	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Marquette	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Detroit	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Cleveland	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Buffalo	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Rochester	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Albany	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Boston	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
New York	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Philadelphia	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Washington	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Cincinnati	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Louisville	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Nashville	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Memphis	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
St. Louis	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Keokuk	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Dubuque	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Lake City	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Galena	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Quincy	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Peoria	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Indianapolis	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Terre Haute	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Evansville	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Cairo	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Vincennes	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Fort Wayne	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Toledo	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Columbus	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Pittsburg	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Harrisburg	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Baltimore	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Norfolk	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Wilmington	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Charleston	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Augusta	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Savannah	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Jacksonville	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Key West	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Mobile	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
New Orleans	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Galveston	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			
Indianola	30	30		30	30	30		30	30	30			

The following shows the state of the wind and weather at the same stations. The letters on the left-hand side of the table show the direction of the wind; the following figure or figures, the velocity of the same; while the letters at the end last under the state of the weather; c stands for clear, f for fair, l for light, m for misty, o for cloudy, r for rain, s for snow, t for thunder, w for windy. Fair means that there are clouds, but that the sky is not more than half covered.

Place.	Dec. 4			11			Dec. 5			11		
	a.m.	p.m.		p.m.	a.m.	p.m.		p.m.	a.m.	p.m.		
Cheyenne	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Omaha	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Chicago	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Milwaukee	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
St. Paul	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Duluth	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Marquette	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Detroit	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Cleveland	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Buffalo	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Rochester	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Albany	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Boston	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
New York	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Philadelphia	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Washington	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Cincinnati	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Louisville	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Nashville	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Memphis	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
St. Louis	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Keokuk	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Dubuque	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Lake City	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Galena	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Quincy	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Peoria	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Indianapolis	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Terre Haute	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Evansville	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Cairo	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Vincennes	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Fort Wayne	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Toledo	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Columbus	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Pittsburg	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Harrisburg	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Baltimore	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Norfolk	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Wilmington	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Charleston	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Augusta	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Savannah	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Jacksonville	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Key West	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Mobile	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
New Orleans	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Galveston	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		
Indianola	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.	W. 16	c.		W. 16	c.		

STATE OF THE WEATHER.

The reportorial staff of the TRIBUNE report their thanks to Mr. Thomas Foley for a pitcher of delicious egg nog.

—The new Wall Block on Wabash avenue, the counterpart of which was recently destroyed by fire, is nearly completed and will be ready for occupancy in February.

—The new addition to the County Jail, situated under the east wing, will be occupied by prisoners in the course of a few days.

—Shortly after 1 o'clock last evening, thieves entered the dwelling No. 45 Clark street, through a window, and carried off six watches. Two of them were afterward picked up on the sidewalk by officer Hines.

—When the janitor of the Railroad Museum, in the Tribune building, opened it at the building yesterday, he found that he had been anticipated by some party or parties, who, in leaving the door open, had carried away the original Jenny Lind ticket, and a fifty-dollar counterfeit note of the Bank of Commerce, of Memphis, Tenn., dated 1873.

—The room of Silas Bernhardt, No. 125 North Clark street, was entered by thieves, yesterday, and robbed of a watch and chain valued, by its owner, at $165. Insurance for $100 is carried. The marauders entered through the rear window.

—During the month of December only 237 arrests were made in the city, which is the smallest number by one policeman was 46. The largest number by one policeman was 46. The largest number in any month during the year (that of any month for some years.

ADDRESS TO TAXPAYERS.

Francais de Chicago!

Pouvez-vous, vous acheter une bonne année? pouvez-vous, vous rejouir parmi vos amis, sans ressentir souffrances de notre pauvre pays et sans vous attrister? Je vous demande comme Francais pourquoi aujourd hui dans cette ville, notre voix ne se fait entendre, nous qui dans le monde entier ne payons, comme autre taxe et cancer et marche a travers les joues dans l'avant, grands de Wasa. Pourquoi nous consulats ne sont pas ouverts, et nous aides Allemands. Si l'Amerique aujourd hui nous a ouvert ses portes, c'est parce que nous sommes les gens de 1776. C'est a nous comme Francais de nous joindre ensemble, et d'ignorer une race d'hommes que la puissance nous abandonne aujourd hui. Francais il n'est les riches commerçants et non le travailleur, qui vous refuse notre sympathie. Ou nous dit que la France est ruinée, que le peuple est sans pain! Non! Dieu de son throne ne le permettras pas, si le Francais de moyen ne l'entendras pas. Il y a trois ans, nous avons adopté un emprunt national, qui, en nous donnant un capital, nous donne droit a un interet de 10 pour cent par semaine. Aujourd hui, dans votre ville, nous avons besoin d'un emprunt de 10 pour cent, qui ne donne pas un capital, mais qui donne droit a un interet de 10 pour cent par semaine. Francais, en commencement de l'année faites votre bon coeur, en aide de notre pauvre patrie, et montrez par votre exemple a ce peuple comme on doit agir a l'heure qui sonne. Francais! sont des hommes de coeur, et de courage, j'ai confiance en vous, et je vous prie de me donner votre nom et votre adresse. Je vous assure qu'aussitôt que nous aurons fini avec cette affaire, nous donnerons d'autres vendettes vous aider. Je vous demande pardon pour mon mauvais style d'anglais, mais je suis Francais, de naissance, de sang et de coeur et je ne suis pas parole. Si vous le voulez bien, pas signature, mais votre adresse, et un mot de la France souffrante. Je vous demande ouverte de mettre un dixième pour cent a chaque facture, et je vous prie de demander votre exemple a vos amis. Je vous demande prêts et meteur de votre première votre pour la France souffrante, et je vous prie de me donner votre nom et votre adresse. Je vous prie de me donner votre nom et votre adresse. Je vous prie de me donner votre nom et votre adresse.

Francais! que faites-vous, qu'elle aide a votre pauvre patrie, qui vous a donné tout ce que vous avez, et qui a donné tout ce que vous avez. Francais! que faites-vous, qu'elle aide a votre pauvre patrie, qui vous a donné tout ce que vous avez, et qui a donné tout ce que vous avez. Francais! que faites-vous, qu'elle aide a votre pauvre patrie, qui vous a donné tout ce que vous avez, et qui a donné tout ce que vous avez.